

**(SIMULTANEOUS CLOSE PARALLEL)****ATTENTION ALL USERS OF LDA PRECISION RUNWAY MONITOR (PRM)**

Special pilot training required. Pilots who are unable to participate, or dispatchers on their behalf, must contact the FAA Command Center prior to departure (1-800-333-4286 or 703-904-4452) to obtain an arrival reservation. Non-participating pilots enroute to SFO as an alternate, or trained pilots that are unexpectedly unable to participate due to in-flight circumstances will be afforded appropriate arrival services as operational conditions permit. Non-participating pilots shall notify the Oakland ARTCC as soon as practical, but at least 100 miles from SFO.

**Condensed Briefing Points:**

- When instructed, immediately switch to tower frequency and select the monitor frequency audio.
- Report the ILS traffic in sight as soon as practical and prior to DARNE. DO NOT PASS.
- Remain on the LDA until passing DARNE so as not to penetrate the NTZ.

1. **ATIS.** When the ATIS broadcast advises that simultaneous ILS/PRM and LDA/PRM approaches are in progress, pilots should brief to fly the LDA/PRM 28R approach. If later advised to expect an LDA/DME 28R approach, the LDA/PRM 28R chart may be used after completing the following briefing items:

- (a) Minimums and missed approach procedures are unchanged.
- (b) Monitor frequency no longer required.
- (c) A lower glide slope intercept altitude may be assigned when advised to expect LDA/DME 28R approach.

Simultaneous parallel approaches will only be offered/conducted when the weather is at least 2100 feet (ceiling) and 4 miles (visibility).

2. **Dual VHF Communication required.** To avoid blocked transmissions, each runway will have two frequencies, a primary and a monitor frequency. The tower controller will transmit on both frequencies. The Monitor controller's transmissions, if needed, will override both frequencies. Pilots will ONLY transmit on the tower controller's frequency, but will listen to both frequencies. Select the monitor frequency audio only when instructed by ATC to contact the tower. The volume levels should be set about the same on both radios so that the pilots will be able to hear transmissions on at least one frequency if the other is blocked. If executing a missed approach at DARNE, begin the right turn as soon as practical.

3. **ALL "Breakouts"** are to be hand flown to assure that the maneuver is accomplished in the shortest amount of time. Pilots, when directed by ATC to break off an approach, must assume that an aircraft is blundering toward their course and a breakout must be initiated immediately.

- (a) ATC Directed "Breakouts": ATC directed breakouts will consist of a turn and a climb or descent. Pilots must always initiate the breakout in response to an air traffic controller instruction. Controllers will give a descending breakout only when there are no other reasonable options available, but in no case will the descent be below minimum vectoring altitude (MVA) which provides at least 1000 feet required obstruction clearance. The applicable MVA is 1600 feet at SFO.
- (b) Phraseology - "TRAFFIC ALERT" : If an aircraft enters the "NO TRANSGRESSION ZONE" (NTZ), the controller will breakout the threatened aircraft on the adjacent approach. The phraseology for the breakout will be:

"TRAFFIC ALERT, (aircraft call sign) TURN (left/right) IMMEDIATELY, HEADING (degrees), CLIMB/DESCEND AND MAINTAIN (altitude)".

4. **SFO LDA Visual Segment.** If ATC advises that there is traffic on the 28L ILS, pilots are authorized to continue past DARNE to align with runway 28R centerline only when:

- (a) the ILS traffic is in sight and is expected to remain in sight.
- (b) ATC has been advised that "traffic is in sight."
- (c) the runway environment is in sight.

Otherwise, a missed approach must be executed at DARNE. Between DARNE and the runway threshold, pilots of the LDA aircraft are responsible for separating themselves visually from traffic on the ILS approach, which means maneuvering the aircraft as necessary to avoid the ILS traffic until landing (do not pass), and providing wake turbulence avoidance, if applicable. If visual contact with the ILS traffic is lost, advise ATC as soon as practical and execute the published missed approach unless otherwise instructed by ATC.

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